

Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

1. (currently amended) A method of synchronizing a plurality of simulation modules, comprising the steps of:

- (a) issuing a clock credit to each simulation module;
- (b) creating a master clock signal;
- (c) dividing the master clock signal to derive an additional clock signal;
- (d) applying the additional clock signal to one of the plurality of simulation modules;
- (e) execution, by each simulation module, to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;

(f-1) issuing an additional clock credit for each simulation module when the extent of execution corresponding to a prior clock credit has been completed, said issuing of an additional clock credit occurring in response to not detecting a synchronization point for synchronizing the plurality of simulation modules;

[[(f)] (f-2) ~~for each simulation module~~, halting execution for each simulation module when the extent of execution corresponding to [the] a prior clock credit has been completed, said halting occurring in response to detecting a synchronization point for synchronizing the plurality of simulation modules; and

(g) when additional processing by at least one simulation module is necessary after execution of step (f-2), issuing a further clock credit to each simulation module.

2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (a) comprises the step of issuing clock credit to each simulation module on the basis of synchronization points identified in data passing between the simulation modules.

3. (cancelled)

4. (previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said steps (b), (c), and (d) are performed by a test bench component of the simulation module.

5. (previously amended) The method of claim 4, further comprising, before said step (b), the step of:

(h) creating a test bench component for the simulation module.

6. (cancelled)

7. (cancelled)

8. (currently amended) A system for synchronizing a plurality of simulation modules, comprising:

a clock arbitrator ~~that comprises a shared memory interface;~~

a programming language interface (PLI) for each simulation module from the plurality of simulation modules, wherein said PLI receives a clock credit from said clock arbitrator and enables and halts simulation module execution on the basis of said

~~clock-credit~~ synchronization points detected to synchronize the plurality of simulation modules; and

a test bench component for each simulation module from the plurality of simulation modules, wherein said test bench component manages inputs and outputs to a device under test (DUT) within each simulation module.

9. (cancelled)

10. (cancelled)

11. (currently amended) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code that enables a computer to synchronize a plurality of simulation modules, said computer readable program code comprising:

first computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to issue a clock credit to each simulation module;

second computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to execute each simulation module to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;

third computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to issue an additional clock credit for each simulation module when the extent of execution corresponding to a prior clock credit has been completed, wherein said additional clock credit is issued in response to not detecting a synchronization point for synchronizing the plurality of simulation modules;

~~third~~ fourth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to halt execution [of a] for each simulation module when the ~~simulation module has completed execution to an extent corresponding to the clock credit~~ extent of execution corresponding to a prior clock credit has been completed, wherein execution is halted in response to detecting a synchronization point for synchronizing the plurality of simulation modules;

~~fourth~~ fifth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to issue a further clock credit to each simulation module ~~to perform~~ when additional execution by at least one simulation module is determined to be necessary after execution of said fourth computer readable program code logic;

~~fifth~~ sixth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to create a master clock signal;

~~sixth~~ seventh computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to divide the master clock signal to derive an additional clock signal; and

~~seventh~~ eight computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to apply the additional clock signal to one of the plurality of simulation modules.

12. (original) The computer program product of claim 11, wherein said first computer readable program code logic comprises logic for causing the computer to issue clock credit to each simulation module on the basis of synchronization points identified in data passing between the simulation modules.

13. (cancelled)

14. (cancelled)

15. (cancelled)

16. (currently amended) [A] The system for synchronizing a plurality of simulation modules of claim 8, comprising:

~~_____ a clock arbitrator;~~

~~_____ a programming language interface (PLI) for each simulation module, wherein said PLI receives a clock credit from said clock arbitrator and enables and halts simulation module execution on the basis of said clock credit; and~~

~~_____ a test bench component for each simulation module, wherein said test bench component manages inputs and outputs to a device under test (DUT) within each simulation module, and said test bench component and said DUT are compiled together as a single binary executable module.~~

17. (new) The system of claim 8, wherein said clock arbitrator comprises a shared memory interface.

18. (new) A method of synchronizing a plurality of simulation modules, comprising the steps of:

(a) issuing a clock credit to each simulation module on the basis of synchronization points identified in data passing between the simulation modules;

(b) creating a master clock signal;

- (c) dividing the master clock signal to derive an additional clock signal;
- (d) applying the additional clock signal to one of the plurality of simulation modules;
- (e) execution, by each simulation module, to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;
- (f) for each simulation module, halting execution when the extent of execution corresponding to the clock credit has been completed; and
- (g) when additional processing by at least one simulation module is necessary, issuing a further clock credit to each simulation module.

19. (new) A method of synchronizing a plurality of simulation modules, comprising the steps of:

- (a) issuing a clock credit to each simulation module;
- (b) creating a test bench component for the simulation module;
- (c) creating, at said test bench component, a master clock signal;
- (d) dividing, at said test bench component, the master clock signal to derive an additional clock signal;
- (e) applying, at said test bench component, the additional clock signal to one of the plurality of simulation modules;
- (e) execution, by each simulation module, to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;
- (f) for each simulation module, halting execution when the extent of execution corresponding to the clock credit has been completed; and

(g) when additional processing by at least one simulation module is necessary, issuing a further clock credit to each simulation module.

20. (new) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code that enables a computer to synchronize a plurality of simulation modules, said computer readable program code comprising:

first computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to issue a clock credit to each simulation module on the basis of synchronization points identified in data passing between the simulation modules;

second computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to execute each simulation module to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;

third computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to halt execution of a simulation module when the simulation module has completed execution to an extent corresponding to the clock credit;

fourth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to issue a further clock credit to each simulation module to perform additional execution by at least one simulation module;

fifth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to create a master clock signal;

sixth computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to divide the master clock signal to derive an additional clock signal; and

seventh computer readable program code logic for causing the computer to apply the additional clock signal to one of the plurality of simulation modules.